Joint Action MENTOR Mental Health Together

Sibilla Neimane, Project Manager

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MENTOR at a glance

MENTOR aims at promoting mental health by sharing experiences from the political to the clinical professional sphere, incorporating best practices and adapting initiatives to achieve long-term sustainability of promoting mental health and well-being both at personal and population level.





MENTOR Specific objectives:

- **1. Ensure** efficient dissemination of MENTOR activities/outcomes.
- 2. **Promote** the sustainability and implementation of MENTOR outcomes through the different mental health care systems across the Europe region.
- **3. Strengthen** the capacity of mental health literacy by developing policy recommendations and intervention tools targeted to vulnerable groups and fighting stigma.
- **4. Contribute** to increasing access to evidence-based practices and innovative approaches of mental health monitoring, promotion and prevention to manage mental health conditions in communities.
- 5. Improve monitoring systems of mental health to heighten awareness for mental health problems and ensure earlier detection of individuals at risk and address data driven decisions.
- 6. Reduce social inequalities in population targeting people with mental health issues.
- 7. Foster methods to evaluate and implement MHIAP approaches at national and regional levels.

Lessons learned I

- Project development requires a lot of work:
 - o The more experience, the easier
- First must learn about the project artefacts:
 - o Different structures General Assambley, Stakeholders, MS Policy Commitee
 - o Roles BF, AF, AP
 - Project "history"
- Getting partners involved:
 - Very long process invitations, first gatherings
 - o Selecting roles who wants to take on the responsibility?
 - o How many is enough?
- Selecting topics, tasks
 - Project proposal preparation everyone has a lot of ideas, but who will write them on paper?
 - Different work styles, changing partners
 - Internal deadlines not respected by many





Lessons learned II

- No tools to "sanction" partners
- Budget estimations:
 - o Partners expect to receive their personal budget breakdown
 - WP/task leaders should estimate PMs required
 - Cut budget for each of WPs
 - WP leaders have different abilities to work with budget development
 - o Personnel costs differ among EU countries enormously 2 000-11 000 EUR
 - o The more "high earning" countries participate, the faster budget shrinks
- Do not forget the call document!
- A lot of data required to submit proposal
- Developing project during summer months very high challenge
- The leading force should be prepared that human resources will be devoted only for project (not paid by project budget)

NFP(4)



What can be done to improve

- Sharing experience:
 - o Learning from other projects, partners, seeking guidance
 - o Close collaboration with HaDEA officer can save the day
 - o Strong partners in the management team is crucial
- Prepare coordinator/WP leaders with learning workshop at the start of the project
- Clear responsibilities, accountability
- Proactive involvement, responding reasonably fast
- Provide coordinator with additional funds
 - During project development phase
 - o During project implementation phase (e.g. higher funding rate)
 - o responsibilities,
- Develop a Joint Action Repository (web pages, resources)

Thanks to all who shared their insight and allowed us to learn from their knowledge!

NFP(4)



Methodological center (MC) of Latvia in psychiatry

- 2023 a pilot of MC in psychiatry first pilot in Health Sector
- A plan to create a MC in 9 specialties to ensure the development, quality and efficacy in public sector of medicine
- MC team consists of public health specialists, economists, legal forces and medical professionals
- RPNC right now has a second pilot going on with an aims of increasing methodological standards and apply them in all Latvian psychiatric hospitals for providing a patient eqaul quality service (also availability to service) in all regions of Latvia
- 2nd pilot of MC has several clinical tasks (initiatives in psychiatry- best practice to bring in everyday life of practitioners:
 - Psychiatric on-call phone
 - Mobile teams in psychiatric care for patient who has challenged adherence to treatment
 - Transition from child/adolescent psychiatry to adult psychiatry
 - Methodone bus for opiate substitute therapy





Advanced nurses in psychiatry

- Research and education department started an in-house training for nurses Aims:
 - For psychiatrist: to reduce waiting time for the first time patients
 - For psychiatrist: to get more time for complicated patients
 - For patient: to not lose the connection with the specialized help
 - For nurses: more interesting and involving job in the clinic

- 8 theoretical lectures:
 - Basic psychiatric pathology
 - Medication (benefits and risks)
 - Treatment options (nonpharmacological interventions)
 - Compliance in psychiatry
 - Psychoemotional support
 - Psychoeducation
 - Consulations with relatives
- Work in teams (psychiatrist-nurse)
 - Patient consulted by nurse and then nurse got feedback from psyhicatrist
 - Legal changes nurses should be allowed to prescribe drugs for patients for maintance therapy





Thank you for your attention!

Sibilla Neimane Project Manager, RPNC sibilla.neimane@rpnc.lv

